

LESSON
6.4**Practice A**

For use with pages 437–445

Make a table for the inverse relation.

1.

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	3	5	7	9	11

2.

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	2	1	0	-1	-2

Find an equation for the inverse relation.

3. $y = x + 1$

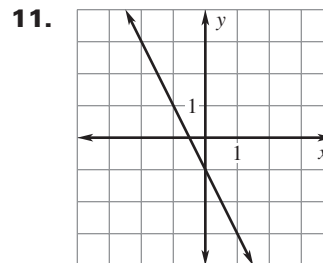
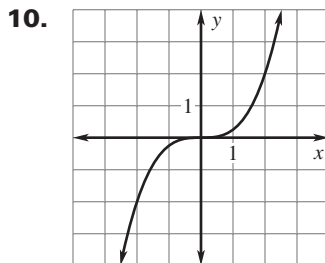
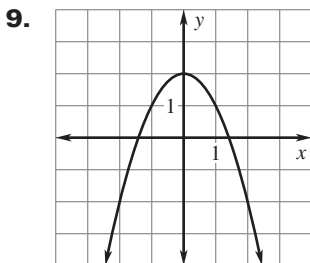
4. $y = 5x$

5. $y = 2x - 3$

6. $y = -x + 6$

7. $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$

8. $y = \frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{3}x$

Use the horizontal line test to determine whether the inverse of the graph is a function.**Verify that f and g are inverse functions.**

12. $f(x) = x + 2$; $g(x) = x - 2$

13. $f(x) = 3x$; $g(x) = \frac{1}{3}x$

14. $f(x) = x^3$; $g(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$

15. $f(x) = 4x - 1$; $g(x) = \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}$

16. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$; $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

17. $f(x) = 2x + \frac{1}{3}$; $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{6}$

In Exercises 18 and 19, use the following information.**Conversion** The formula to convert miles m to kilometers k is $m = 1.609k$.

18. Write the inverse function, which converts kilometers to miles.

19. How many kilometers is 40 miles? Round to two decimal places.

In Exercises 20 and 21, use the following information.**Geometry** The formula $C = 2\pi r$ gives the circumference of a circle of radius r .20. Write the inverse function, which gives the radius of a circle of circumference C .

21. What is the radius of a circle with a circumference of 14 inches? Round to two decimal places.